

# The Cost of 340B to Michigan

#### Introduction

The 340B Drug Pricing Program is a federal program in which manufacturers provide heavily discounted drugs to qualifying hospitals and clinics. Despite claims by its advocates that it is "free", it increases healthcare costs for employers and their workers due to lost drug rebates.<sup>1</sup> New research has estimated the financial impact of the 340B program on each state.<sup>2</sup>

#### The Cost of the 340B Program

- 340B is costing Michigan employers and workers \$272M annually (see table)
- This will increase to \$358M if Michigan passes a law mandating contract pharmacies
- The cost of 340B per beneficiary for state and local government employers is about 6% higher than for commercial employers
- Michigan has above average 340B activity, as summarized in "Michigan's 340B Landscape" below

## Annual Cost of 340B to Michigan

PER BENEFICIARY	ТҮРЕ	TOTAL COST	COST TO GOVERNMENT <sup>3</sup>
\$57	Lost rebates	\$272M	\$34M
\$18	Contract pharmacy mandate	\$86M	\$11M
\$75	Total	\$358M	\$45M

## Michigan's 340B Landscape

#### 340B utilization<sup>4</sup> This is above the 16% national average

340B facilities/100k pop.

This is above the 17.0 national average of 15.8

#### Medicaid expansion<sup>5</sup>



1. The Cost of the 340B Program Part 1: Self-insured Employers

of 12%

- 2. The Cost of the 340B Program to States
- 3. Cost to Government is defined as the costs of 340B to all state and local governments' health plans in a state
- 4. 340B Utilization is defined as % of drugs (sold or administered) estimated to be 340B eligible
- 5. Unintended Consequences: How the ACA Helped Grow the 340B Program